

# THE ARIZONA REPUBLICAN.

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## POND IN THE LEAD

### Only Two Ballots Taken For Governor.

#### California Democrats Working Slowly.

#### Majority and Minority Reports Presented by the Committee on Resolutions.

SAN JOSE, August 20.—Chairman Waters called the Democratic State Convention to order at 10:20 this morning. The report of the Committee on Credentials was read and approved, there being no contests.

The report of the Committee on Permanent Organization and Order of Business was made. It recommends that nominations be taken up in their usual order, and also includes a nomination clause providing for the endorsement of some candidate for United States Senator. This clause was greeted with great cheering.

The minority report was then read, concurring with the majority report on all points except that relating to the endorsement of a Senatorial candidate. It contains instead a clause favoring the election of a United States Senator by a direct vote of the people. The minority report was also read with great applause and when the latter subsided Stephen M. White, of Los Angeles, walked to the platform and addressed the delegates.

Mr. White then moved the adoption of the minority report. This motion was granted with another outburst of applause. When it subsided Mr. White expressed his thanks for the support which had been given him, as he believed, by a majority of members of the convention. He then declared that, in spite of malicious representation by persons whose principal occupation was assassination of character, he stood ready to sacrifice any personal aspiration which he might have. He reviewed his record in California with the Democratic party, declaring that no one held the interest of his State or party dearer than himself. He proposed to fight for the Democratic ticket during the coming campaign.

His address was greeted with cheers, and the minority report was carried, after which Terry, of Fresno, read the platform as follows:

"The Democratic party of the State of California reaffirms the doctrine of National Platform of 1888 adopted at St. Louis. We believe that an over-throwing treasury by the imposition of unequal and oppressive taxes; the effort to enact coercive legislation; the arbitrary disregard by the Speaker of the House of Representatives of all parliamentary rules, and the shameful servility displayed by the majority in yielding ready obedience to his tyrannical acts; their refusal to join the democracy in its effort to procure the passage of a measure permitting free coinage of silver; the neglect of the present administration to modify an admitted erroneous tariff, suggest with more emphasis than words that the reins of government should be placed in safer hands."

Continuing, the platform says: "We denounce and condemn the Republican majority in the National House of Representatives for passing the infamous Lodge election bill, by which that majority seeks, while masquerading under the guise of a 'free ballot and fair count,' to perpetuate itself in power by insidiously destroying the liberties of American citizens, usurping the legislative functions of State government and bringing Federal election machinery into interminable conflict and collision with the statutory acts of the people of various commonwealths of our Union."

"We hold this species of Federal interference with the people, in the registration of their sovereign will, as despotic and centralizing in its tendencies, dangerous to the peace, liberty and prosperity of the people; revolutionary in its nature and tendency, and in direct contravention of the principles of government as bequeathed to us by the framers of our Constitution."

"We denounce the McKinley bill as opposed to the best interests of the producing and consuming classes of the country."

"The Chinese Restriction Act, adopted by Congress as the result of Democratic effort, is about to expire and it is the duty of Congress to enact laws perpetually excluding the Chinese from the United States."

"We favor the free coinage of silver and demand that it be made legal tender for all purposes public or private."

The platform favors the enactment of laws against pools and trusts; the election of United States Senators by a direct vote of the people. Pledges its nominees to the Legislature to use all lawful means for securing the adoption of the Australian ballot system. Pledges its nominees for Congress to endeavor to secure liberal appropriations toward making the great water ways of the State freely navigable at all seasons, and reaffirms the doctrine that the waters of the State belong to the people for useful purposes.

Reaffirms the policy of the district system and pledges its party to foster the system inaugurated under the administration of 1886; favors liberal support of the National Guard; opposes all summary legislation; favors fostering of the wine growing industry by State and National legislation; favors an eight-hour law; condemns as wasteful the administration of the State prison at San Quentin under Republican regime, and pledges itself to maintain the great commonwealth of California undivided.

The platform also has a plank declaring that a State rate of taxation of 45 cents on each \$100 of assessable property, according to the assessed valuation of 1889, is ample for State purposes.

After the platform had been read there was a long discussion in regard to the provisions relating to water rights. The question was finally settled by the insertion of the following plank in the platform: "Resolved that we are in favor of the general government fostering and encouraging the mining industry

wherever the same can be done without injury to others." The platform was then adopted as a whole and the Convention adjourned until 2:30 p. m.

On reassembling at 2:30 the delegates proceeded to the election of candidates for Governor. Arthur Rogers, of San Francisco, nominated Mayor E. B. Pond, of San Francisco.

Harry Thornton, of San Mateo, nominated James V. Coleman, of San Mateo. Dennis Spencer, of Napa, nominated Wm. D. English, of Oakland.

Judge E. T. Baldwin, of Stockton, nominated A. C. Paulsell, of San Joaquin, after which seconding speeches were made by J. DeBarth Shorb, of Los Angeles, James T. Murphy, of Santa Clara, Reel B. Terry, of Fresno, and Michael Tarpey, of Alameda, for Coleman. Ex-Mayor W. H. Hunsaker, of San Diego, D. A. Ostrom, of Yuba, and W. R. Jacobs, of Tulare, for Pond.

Congressman Thomas J. Clunie, Senator R. F. DelValle, of Los Angeles, Nicholas Rowden, of Santa Clara, and Hon. Stephen M. White, of Los Angeles, for English. Clay W. Taylor, of Shasta, H. J. Corcoran, of San Joaquin, and James H. Baid, of Stockton, for Paulsell.

The four candidates then appeared before the convention and made short addresses endorsing the platform.

At 5 o'clock roll call commenced. The first ballot resulted: Pond, 212; Coleman, 188; English, 195; Paulsell, 44. Necessary to a choice, 319.

On the second ballot Pond received 215; Coleman, 206; English, 192; Paulsell, 25.

After the second ballot the Convention adjourned until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

**Congressional Nomination.**  
SAN JOSE, August 20.—Ex-State Senator Caminetti, of Anador, was nominated for Congress by acclamation, at the Second Congressional District Convention.

## THE WORLD'S FAIR

### STILL WRANGLING OVER WHERE IT SHALL BE LOCATED.

#### The Fair Commissioners Hold a Meeting To Decide This Point, But They Do Nothing But Talk.

CHICAGO, August 20.—After a wrangle lasting until nearly midnight, the Directors of the World's Fair adjourned again this evening without definitely selecting a site for the great exhibition. The meeting was expected on all sides to be a decisive one, but at midnight the question of location was left more open than it has been any time for weeks past. Aside from hearing reports of committees and experts, the whole time was consumed in an interchange of widely different views. At times the talk became quite heated and again weariness in the extreme.

Action was then taken on but two motions.

A resolution was offered by T. J. Jeffrey and adopted referring the question of site back to the committee with instructions to abandon the consideration of Jackson Park, unless enough area there, say 400 acres, could be made available at a reasonable cost to accommodate the whole exhibition. Any other obtained by the committee to contain not less than 400 acres. The resolution also contained a clause expressing a desire to use, in connection with any site selected, the present Lake Front Park.

Following this resolution another, proposed by Lyman J. Gage, was carried, rejecting the city ordinance granting permission to pile or fill in the harbor adjacent to the present strip of land known as Lake Front Park.

Mr. Gage's resolution contemplated that a new ordinance be obtained from the City Council, permitting a more restricted use of the Lake Front.

The details which were to be agreed upon later, with other matter, were left in this indefinite shape. The Directors adjourned until Friday night.

## WASHINGTON'S POPULATION.

### A Most Wonderful Growth in the Last Ten Years.

WASHINGTON, August 20.—The result of the official count of the State of Washington was wired Governor Ferry today by the Census Bureau. The schedules in two supervisors districts, however, have not been received. The population of the State, exclusive of these, is given as 243,564. The missing districts will probably increase this number to about 346,000. The population of the Territory in 1880 was 75,116.

The following are the populations of the more thickly settled counties: King, 65,443; Pierce, 51,126; Spokane, 35,693; Walla Walla, 12,105; Whatcom, 18,308; Whitman, 14,911; Clark, 11,634; Lewis, 11,443.

The population of the two leading cities is given as follows: Seattle, 46,919; increase in ten years, 40,381; Tacoma, 35,888; increase 34,760.

## CHOLERA IN LONDON.

### A Scare in the Great Metropolis Over a Recent Arrival.

LONDON, August 20.—A sensation was caused here today by the announcement that there is a case of Asiatic cholera in London. Robert Tergh, a coal trimmer, landed Sunday from a steamer from Calcutta and went to a coffee house where he secured lodgings. Today he was carried on a stretcher from the coffee house to the hospital where the doctors pronounced his case one of severe Asiatic cholera.

## The World's Fair Site.

CHICAGO, August 20.—The Executive committee of the Building and Ground committee of the World's Fair Directors, were in session for an hour this afternoon and evening, discussing the rapidly never-ending question of a site for the exposition. What action, if any, was taken could not be learned, the committee being in strictly executive session.

## Reward for a Murderer.

SACRAMENTO, August 20.—The Governor today offered a reward of \$250 for the arrest and conviction of the recently never-ending question of a site for the exposition. What action, if any, was taken could not be learned, the committee being in strictly executive session.

## LOYAL REPUBLICANS.

### Speak Out Boldly in Wisconsin.

#### On the Bennett Compulsory School Law.

#### Education in the English Language Fully Endorsed—Governor Hoard Renominated.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., August 20.—The Republican State Convention was called to order by Chairman Payne of the State Central Committee this morning.

Michael Griffin, of Eau Claire was chosen temporary Chairman. After the appointment of the usual committees, the Convention adjourned until 3 o'clock.

Upon reassembling the platform was reported which was unanimously adopted.

It declares its devotion to the common schools as the chief factor in the education of the people and pledges itself to support, strengthen and defend it. It recognizes as valuable auxiliaries in the work of popular education private and parochial schools supported without aid from the public funds and disclaims absolutely any purpose whatever to interfere in any manner with such schools, either to their benefit or detriment, or to the contrary. It affirms the right and duty of the State to enact laws that will guarantee to all children sufficient instruction in the legal language of the State to enable them to read and write.

It believes that the compulsory education law passed by the last Legislature is wise and humane in all its purposes and opposes its repeal, but at the same time asserts that the parent or guardian has the right to select the time of year and place, whether public or private and wherever located, in which his children or wards shall receive instruction and would modify the existing law so that it conform to the foregoing declaration.

The platform says: "We further believe that all children between the ages of 7 and 8 years should be protected by appropriate legislation from the evils, physical and mental, arising from their employment in factories and similar places of work."

"We believe that the care of children ineducably blind, deaf, dumb and idiotic should be a matter of public concern, and we will resist any attempt upon the part of either to invade the domain of the other."

"We repudiate as a gross misrepresentation of our purpose, the suggestion, come whence it may, that we will in any manner invade the domain of conscience, trample upon the parental rights or religious liberty. Our only purpose in respect to the educational policy of the State is to secure to all children within its borders, at the earliest practicable age, proper equipment for the discharge of the ordinary duties of citizenship and to this end, alike important to the State, to its children and to the parents of children we invite the co-operation and aid of all broad-minded and patriotic people."

"This convention declares its adherence to the principles of the national policy set forth in the platform adopted by the National Republican convention of 1888 and maintains that the best interests of the American people are promoted by a continuance of the system which protects American enterprise and labor against competition of the cheap labor of Europe."

"We protest against the violent and fraudulent schemes of the Democratic party to suppress the Republican vote in the Southern States as unjust, unconstitutional and utterly indefensible."

The platform declares its confidence in the National Administration, in its integrity and patriotism, and the earnest purpose to promote the public welfare which directs its action and commends the efforts it is making to establish reciprocal relations with the several nations of this continent upon such basis as will be mutually advantageous. It further warmly approves the course of our Senators and Republican representatives in the present Congress.

Governor Hoard was renominated by acclamation. J. B. Treat, of Green County, was nominated for Lieutenant Governor. The convention then took a recess until 8:30.

The ticket was not completed at the evening session, adjourned until midnight. The nominations are: Secretary of State, Edward Cox, of Walworth County; Treasurer, Albert B. Geissler, of Milwaukee; Attorney-General, James O'Neil, of Clark County.

The Convention is still in session at 1 a. m.

## Twenty-Two Victims.

BOSTON, August 20.—The total number of victims of yesterday's accident on the Old Colony road is now known as twenty-two.

Quincy, Mass., August 20.—It appears from statements of passengers that pickpockets worked with great success and reaped quite a harvest. Several of the dead were known to have had money and watches, but these were not found on their persons. Twelve persons are now at the Quincy hospital. They are all seriously injured, most of them scalded by escaping steam, and several are in a precarious condition.

## GOVERNMENT REPRESENTATIVES.

### National Members of the World's Fair Board of Control Appointed.

WASHINGTON, August 20.—In accordance with the provisions of the Act providing for the World's Columbian Exposition at Chicago, the President today approved the designation of the following named persons as members of the Board of Control and Management of the government exhibit at the exhibition: Sevelon A. Brown, Chief Clerk of the Department of State, to represent that department; A. B. Nettleton, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, to represent the Treasury Department; Major Clinton Romley, United States Army, to represent the

## War Department; Captain W. Meade, United States Navy, to represent the Navy Department; A. T. Hasen, Assistant Postmaster General, to represent the Postoffice Department; H. A. Taylor, Commissioner of Railroads, to represent the Department of the Interior; E. C. Foster, general agent of the Department of Justice, to represent that department; Edwin Willets, Assistant Secretary of Agriculture, to represent the Department of Agriculture; Professor G. B. Goode, Assistant Secretary of the Smithsonian Institute, to represent that institution and the National Museum, and J. W. Collins, Assistant in charge of the Division of Fisheries, to represent the United States Fish Commission.

Assistant Secretary Willets is designated as Chairman of the Board.

## ENGINES COLLIDE.

### An Engineer Caught and Killed and a Fireman Seriously Injured.

PALMER LAKE, Colo., August 20.—A collision occurred this afternoon on the Denver and Rio Grande, between Palmer Lake and Monument, which resulted in the instant death of engineer Hart and the probable death of his fireman, Fred Foley. Hart's engine was helping in the vicinity of the late washouts and had received orders to run to Husted, while the other engine, about the same time, started for Palmer Lake for water. They were going at a high rate of speed when they collided and both were demolished.

## The President Will Not Attend.

WASHINGTON, August 20.—The California delegation in Congress today presented the President with an invitation from the Native Sons and Pioneers to attend a reunion day celebration. The President said while he could not visit California this year, he hoped to do so next year.

## PASSED BY CONGRESS.

### BOTH HOUSES DOING GOOD WORK NOW.

WASHINGTON, August 20.—The Agricultural College Bill and the Meat Inspection Bill Ready for the President's Signature.

WASHINGTON, August 20.—Senator Quay's resolution fixing the time of voting on the tariff bill was laid before the Senate. Mr. Hoar offered a substitute and also addressed the Senate at length, insisting that the Election bill should not be postponed.

Mr. Hoar then offered an amendment requiring a vote to be taken on the Federal Election bill on September 4.

The tariff bill was then taken up. The pending question was on Mr. McPherson's amendment to strike out the classifications and compound duties and to substitute a uniform rate of 45 per cent. ad valorem in the cutlery paragraph. The amendment was rejected. Paddock was the only Republican voting aye.

The bill was then laid aside, with but one page disposed of today.

The House amendment to the Agricultural College Bill and to the Meat Inspection Bill was laid before the Senate and concurred in. These bills now go to the President for his signature.

The House bill for the relief of settlers on the Northern Pacific Railroad indemnity lands was taken from the calendar and passed.

Adjourned.

## In the House.

WASHINGTON, August 20.—In the House today the bill to exempt mining lands from the alien land law was laid on the table by a vote of 50 to 27.

A resolution, calling for information as to Russia's persecution of the Jews, was reported and adopted.

The House then passed to the Senate the Meat Inspection bill.

Mr. Funston, chairman of the Committee on Agriculture, said it was proposed by this measure to open foreign points to American exports. By opening those ports millions and millions of foreign goods would be brought into this country and would relieve the embarrassed condition of all classes of industry.

Mr. Hitt, of Illinois, said this bill would remove the pretense on which foreign governments excluded our hog products. He objected to the unjust discrimination being made against American pork, under the pretense that it was unwholesome.

Mr. Morgan, of Mississippi, offered an amendment, bringing laid within the operations of the bill. Lost.

Mr. Sayre, of Texas, offered an amendment providing that Texas fever shall not be considered as a contagious or infectious disease. Lost.

The bill then passed. The House then proceeded to the consideration of the bill defining land, without disposing of the measure.

Adjourned.

## RIOT IN OHIO.

### Warfare Between Villagers and Railroad Employees About a Crossing.

CLEVELAND, August 20.—There was a desperate battle yesterday at Continental Crossing, in Putnam County, between the employees of the Clover Leaf Railroad and the village authorities. The village laid a sewer under the tracks and the railroad employees tore it up.

Mr. Wilson in response for assistance went to the scene of trouble with a posse of citizens and a company of militia. Guns, revolvers and clubs were freely used and about forty persons injured, but none fatally. The rioters were finally repulsed and all is quiet tonight, though more trouble is feared.

## Lopez's Redemption Plan.

Buenos Ayres, August 20.—Finance Minister Lopez proposes to issue \$60,000,000 in treasury notes, redeemable in five years, and loan \$20,000,000 for the conversion of the paper currency.

## A Jealous Husband's Deed.

NEW YORK, August 20.—Charles Webster, an actor, who travelled last season with the White Slave Company, shot and instantly killed Engineer Robert McNeil tonight. Webster was jealous of McNeil's attention to his wife. Webster was arrested.

## BECOMING SERIOUS.

### The Strike Situation is Alarming.

#### Conference Held by the Labor Leaders.

#### Belief That a General Strike on the Entire Central System Will Be Ordered Today.

NEW YORK, August 20.—Grand Master Workman Powderly says that the strike has ceased to be one of the local assembly and has become one of the whole organization, and it will use every means in its power to continue the fight. He intimates that the Federation of Railroad Employes will support the movement.

The situation is serious. Grand Master Sargent, President of the Council and Chief of the Firemen's Organization, has ordered a meeting of the Supreme Council on Saturday at Terre Haute, for the consideration of the question of the New York Central strike. Whether this movement means that the Council must go through certain formalities upon a general strike can be declared or whether no strike will be declared at all, remains to be seen.

Powderly and Devlin, of the Executive Board of the Knights of Labor, called on Vice-President Webb this evening. They didn't discharge men because they were Knights of Labor, but for good reasons.

An offer of Powderly to submit the matter to arbitration was by Webb refused on the grounds already presented. In other words he said that the company was not "jumping on Knights of Labor." They didn't discharge men because they were Knights of Labor, but for good reasons.

Neither Depew nor Vanderbilt are opposed to the Knights of Labor as an organization. Mr. Powderly once more urged that the matter be arbitrated, but Mr. Webb remained firm.

Mr. Devlin asked Mr. Webb if he would consent to an investigation of the causes surrounding the discharge of the fifteen men. Mr. Webb reiterated that there was nothing to investigate, that the company was managing the road and he did not see why their action should be questioned.

Mr. Devlin then asked him if he didn't owe the public and the employees of the road any duty, regarding its management, in which they were all more or less interested. Mr. Webb did not reply.

Mr. Devlin then said there was no use in further discussion of the matter, as the railway company had declared themselves in favor of the independent coaches.

Mr. Tracey then said that Master Workman Lee was primarily responsible for the strike. Mr. Devlin asked Mr. Tracey if he would waive the question of Mr. Lee's action and consider the discharge of the other men.

Messrs. Toucey and Webb retired and ended the conference. Messrs. Powderly and Devlin then withdrew without making any threats or intimating what they intended to do.

Mr. Webb gives this version of the interview and said that the whole conference was carried on in a most pleasant manner.

At the Terre Haute meeting Sargent said he would lay the whole case before the council. He fully endorsed the position of the Executive Board.

"The Executive Board," said Powderly tonight, "says to the Knights of Labor and the public, that the position finally assumed by the company makes it necessary for them to vindicate their right of labor to organize by prosecuting the strike to the bitter end."

When the ominous condition of affairs became plain, late tonight, that a strike of all employees on the New York Central could without trouble be ordered either tonight or in the morning, a reporter went to the Grand Central station to interview the railway officials, Mr. Webb and Mr. Voorhees, who for the present sleep there. Both had retired to their improvised cot and were called. They received the reporter cordially. Mr. Webb said he considered that the strike was declared in a belief that the Central management were opposed to the Knights of Labor. He wished to reiterate the statement that this was not the truth.

When told a strike over the whole road would be declared tonight or tomorrow, Mr. Webb said that in spite of all, the road would run all trains in the morning, as usual. Neither he nor Mr. Voorhees appeared much depressed. He wished the public to know he had no official notice from Mr. Powderly of the strike, and said all this time the company had not been lying idle. When told the strike meant all employees but the engineers, he appeared somewhat startled. Neither he nor Mr. Voorhees made any comment thereon.

Mr. Powderly was asked tonight what would be the next movement. He said it had not been determined, but he would tomorrow issue an appeal to the mechanics and all other employees of the Central and Hudson system and be based upon the refusal of the company to arbitrate the difficulties and will call upon them to stop work at once.

After that the St. Cloud hotel seemed barren of incident. A few reporters lounged around, waiting vainly for the labor leader's return. The usual attendance of subordinate Knights of Labor ceased. A few who came in disappeared quickly again, bound on. Sargent, Sweeney, Wilkeson and Howard will leave at an early hour in the morning for Terre Haute, to attend a meeting of the Supreme Council.

"Every step I have taken," said Mr. Webb, "has been approved by Vanderbilt, Mr. Depew and others high in the councils of the company." Mr. Webb said he could not see why all other firms should strike. They were, he added, better paid on the Central than any other line.

Speaking of connecting lines, he remarked that he was in constant communication with their chief officers and that the Bee Line, Lake Shore and every other railway was prepared for a strike, if it came.

Mr. Hayes, of the Executive Board, said tonight that no more news would be given out tonight. Whatever the Executive Board has decided upon would not be known until tomorrow. The Board will continue in session all night.

A few minutes after midnight, Messrs. Powderly, Hayes and Howard left the St. Cloud and walked over toward the Grand Central depot. Here was a mystery. The labor leaders sank out of sight, somewhere about the depot. The midnight express on the Central went out as usual, showing apparently that the fated hour was not midnight.

In the depot are encamped about seventy-five firemen and the same number of switchmen, supposed to be there to provide for any emergency that might come up.

## THE SOUTHERN PACIFIC.

### The Conference of Employees With Manager Towne Is Postponed.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 20.—This morning at 11 o'clock was the date fixed for the conference between the general manager of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company and the committee of representatives of the brakemen and conductors on the northern divisions of the company. A number of members of the committee called on General Manager Towne and Superintendent Ellmore at that hour and stated that the conference would have to be postponed, owing to the nonarrival of several members of the committee appointed by the men.

## A Pioneer Dead.

FRESNO, Cal., August 20.—Asa Ellis, Collector of Internal Revenue at San Francisco, under President Cleveland, died this afternoon, on his ranch near this city. He was a pioneer of this State and was 83 years old. He leaves three children. He served two terms in the Legislature. The remains will be sent to Los Angeles.

## THE FLAGSTAFF ROAD.

### D. M. RIORDAN TALKS WITH LOCAL BUSINESS MEN.

A Plain Statement of the Prospects For the Railroad and the Necessary Preliminaries to Its Construction.

A number of local business men met yesterday afternoon at the Commercial Hotel to confer with D. M. Riordan, upon the steps necessary to secure for this valley the speedy advent of the Central Arizona railroad.

Mr. Riordan talked very plainly in regard to the proposed road, laying bare every obstruction that would be met and not mining the fact that its construction would be at great expense.

"The amount of road yet to construct," said Mr. Riordan, "is about 170 miles, of which distance seventy miles lie within the County of Maricopa. The cost would be not far from \$4,000,000. Now I am in a position to say this to the people of Salt River Valley: I am assured by those in the East, in whom I have perfect reliance, that if the people of this county will guarantee the building of the southern end of the line, say the 100 miles between here and Payson, and could assure the road the necessary traffic to pay the interest upon the cost of construction at six per cent, the portion of the road from Flagstaff to Payson would surely be built, and without unnecessary delay; and no doubt the money could be obtained for the portion between Phoenix and Payson. But, of course, some assurance must be had before investors in the East can be induced to put money into railroads in Arizona."

"I am, on behalf of the lumber mills at Flagstaff, prepared to furnish such a guarantee as far as Payson from the other end of the road."

"The amount of traffic required to pay such interest from here would have to be sufficient to yield \$150,000 net earnings, over all expenses, per year. Can your valley furnish that amount in freights?"

"If such a guarantee can be made," continued Mr. Riordan, "I have no doubt but the arrangements for building the road will soon be under way."

"The main difficulty in such a work as this is to plainly demonstrate to capitalists that the enterprise will be a paying one. I have made frequent trips to the East during the last few years in this belief and believe that I now have material in good shape."

Much further discussion was had on the subject, the local gentlemen speaking of the amount of grain, hay and fruit that would be shipped from here north, to which would be added cattle and ores from the broad ranges and rich mines of the country. The freights would be large, all our lumber, certainly, and the hardware, wagons, beer and almost all other eastern supplies now received over the more round about way of the Southern Pacific.

To bear out their assertions, Messrs. Kemp, Answorth, Hine and Fowler, Messrs. D. M. Riordan, a tabulated statement showing the development, valuation and products of Maricopa county. The larger portion of the products being available for export, Mr. Riordan's close knowledge of the consumption of such products in Globe, Flagstaff and along the lines of the northern railroad, will, of course, give him a good idea of the business this valley might give to his railroad.

He leaves this morning for Florence, thence going to Globe and home.

## SILVER STEADILY RISING.

WASHINGTON, August 20.—Silver bullion offered for sale to the Treasury Department today was 1,314,000 ounces. Amount purchased was 466,000 ounces, as follows: Fifty thousand ounces at \$1.19 45; 16,000 ounces at \$1.19 87 1/2; 150,000 ounces at \$1.20; 250,000 ounces at \$1.20 25.

## Illit Still Destroyed.

St. Louis, August 20.—The biggest illicit distillery in Arkansas, located in Pike county, has been destroyed by United States officers. The distillery was located in a deep mountain gulch line, and was hemmed in on all sides by rugged hills. The distillers were discovered in the mountains near by and shot at by the officers, but escaped. The officials, accompanied by a posse, leave again tomorrow, for the scene of the fight.

## THE SPORTING WORLD.

### News From the Turf and Diamond.

#### Good Racing at Chicago and Poughkeepsie.

#### At Poughkeepsie, C. J. Hamlin, Aged 72 Years, Drives a Team a Mile and Crowds Time.

WASHINGTON PARK, August 20.—The match race between Palo Alto and Jack has been postponed until tomorrow, on account of a large card for today. The weather was fine and the track fast